

# Fragility of API Interoperability

- Keep Open Source Interoperable -

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# REST API in Open Source

- Today many OSS provide services through REST APIs
  - Apache Mesos
  - Kubernetes
  - OpenStack

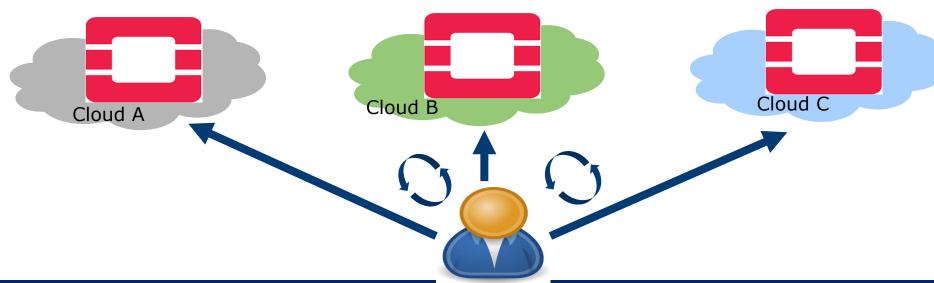
Users can extend their own APPs for catching business chances by using APIs







# Interoperability

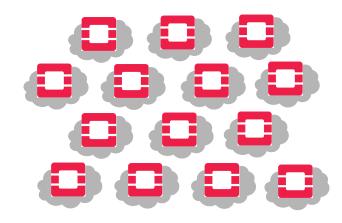


# Why Interoperability is important?









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# OpenStack interoperability

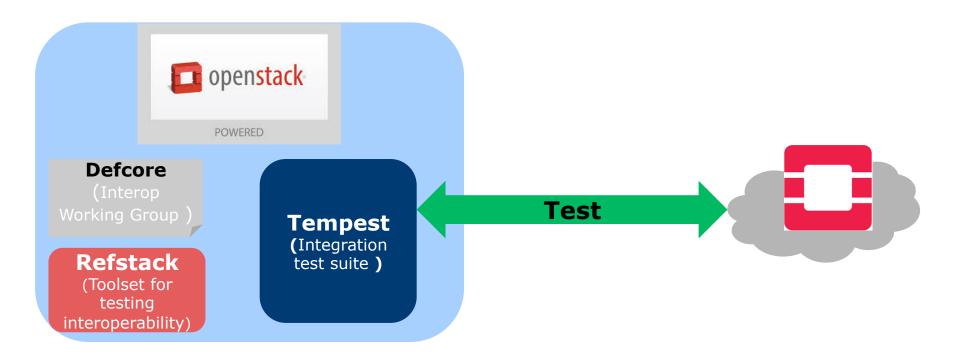
# "OpenStack Powered"

Certification program for OpenStack interoperability



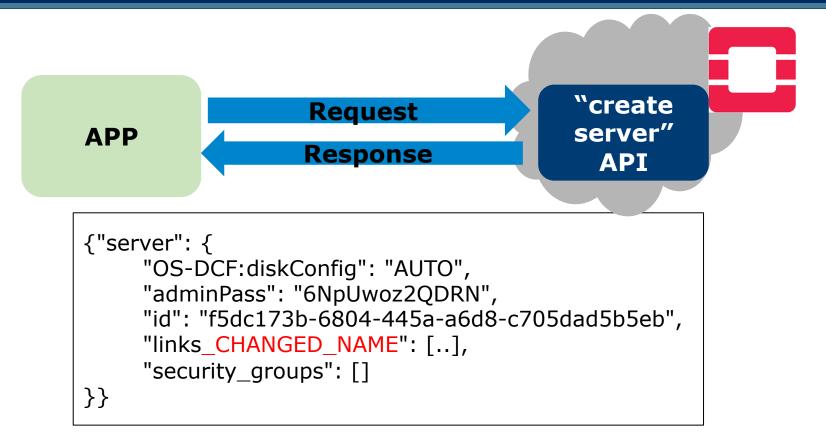


# How OpenStack Verify the Interoperability



# Backward Incompatibility & Interoperability

## Example 1: Backward Incompatible



# Example 2: Backward Compatible ??

Some cloud providers customize OpenStack API by adding different properties in response body.



```
{"server": {
    "OS-DCF:diskConfig": "AUTO",
    "adminPass": "6NpUwoz2QDRN",
    "id": "f5dc173b-6804-445a-a6d8-c705dad5b5eb",
    "links": [..],
    "name": "virtual-machine-01",
    "security_groups": []
}}
```

# Example 2: Break Interoperability

Some cloud providers customize OpenStack API by adding different properties in response body.

```
Cloud B
           Cloud A
             "create
                                                                         "create
             server"
                                                                         server"
               API
                                                                            API
                                                                        {"server": {
{"server": {
                                                                            "OS-DCF:diskConfig": "AUTO",
    "OS-DCF:diskConfig": "AUTO",
                                                                            "adminPass": "6NpUwoz2QDRN",
    "adminPass": "6NpUwoz2QDRN",
                                                                            "security_groups": []
    "name": "virtual-machine-01",
                                                                        }}
    "security_groups": []
                                                APP
}}
                                           - Use "name" key
```

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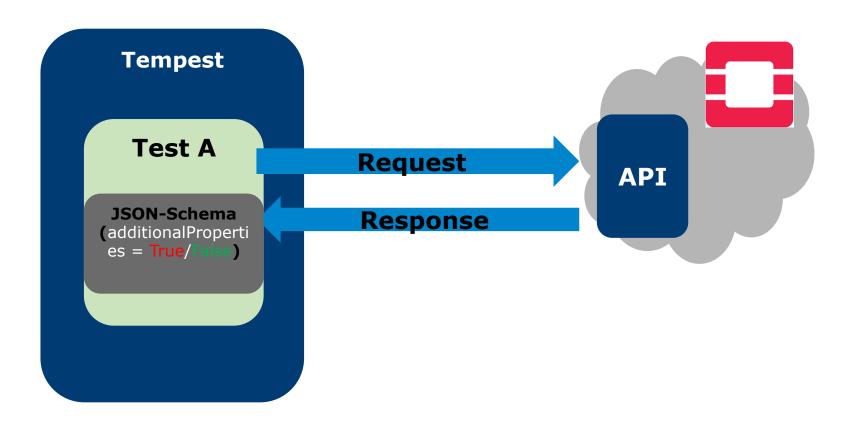
# Example 2: Break Interoperability...

https://review.openstack.org/#/c/467999/1

It can be fixed on v2.1 API with microversion but fixing on v2 API is questionable 🕾

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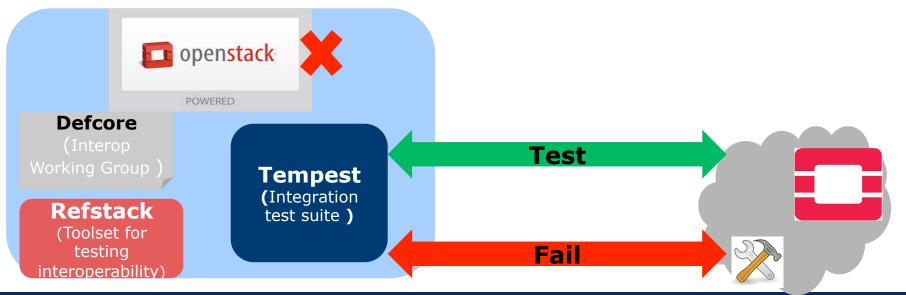
# How Tempest Detect additional elements



# Upstream First

Interoperability is not one Time things.

- Cloud got certification from OpenStack.
- But after few months/release, clouds failed to pass "OpenStack Powered":
  - Because Tempest started failing when detecting customized APIs.
  - OpenStack APIs as well as Test is modified.



#### **Tempest JSON Schema**

```
create server = {
   'status_code': [202],
   'response body': {
     'type': 'object',
      'properties': {
         'server': {
            'type': 'object',
            'properties': {
               'id': {'type': 'string'},
            'required': ['id']
      'required': ['server']
```

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```
create server = {
   'status code': [202],
   'response_body': {
     'type': 'object',
      'properties': {
        'server': {
           'type': 'object',
           'properties': {
               'id': {'type': 'string'},
           'additionalProperties': False,
           'required': ['id']
      'additionalProperties': False,
      'required': ['server']
```

## Discuss, discuss and discuss

- Why we cannot pass this test, we should pass because we have never change anything since we passed it before.
- Such changes should be allowed on the certification test, most users use OpenStack SDKs to implement their own APPs and these SDKs just ignore these properties.
- If so, cloud providers don't need to extend their own properties to API because user APPs just ignore.

#### As the result

- We have implemented tool for distinguishing tests failed due to such extra properties changes or not.
- The certification program shows which APIs are customized based on this tool result.
- We have gray area of certification now, but we have a consensus to make all APIs the same for the interoperability.



# Interoperability is Fragile

- As a developer, backwards compatible changes are not painful and we need to do it for improving/extending features.
- But it might break interoperability between cloud providers which are implemented based on Open Source.
- This principle made a lot of confusions in OpenStack community, but we have gotten a consensus about it today.
- By keeping interoperability, we can get more contributions from many people and make OSS better, because we need to implement additional features at upstream development.

# How to keep Interoperability

#### JSON-Home

JSON-Home provides available API resource URLs and HTTP methods(GET, PUT, etc) on each URL.

Users get JSON-Home data by specifying

application/json-home

We could expect users can implement their own APPs based on the JSON-Home data.

#### JSON-Home

GET /v2.1

GET /v2.1/{project\_id}/
servers

```
{
  "resources": {
    "http://docs.openstack.org/api/openstack-compute/2.1/rel/servers": {
        "href-template": "/v2.1/{project_id}/servers",
        "href-vars": {
            "project_id": "http://docs.openstack.org/api/openstack-compute/2.1/param/project_id"
        }
    },
    [...]
}
```

```
"resources": {
   "http://docs.openstack.org/api/openstack-compute/2.1/rel/servers": {
        "href-template": "/v2.1/{project_id}/servers",
        "href-vars": {
            "project_id": "http://docs.openstack.org/api/openstack-compute/2.1/param/project_id"
        },
        "hints": {
            "allow": ["GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE"],
            "formats": {
                 "application/json": {}
            },
            "accept-post": ["application/json"],
            "accept-put": ["application/json"]
      }
    }
}
```

#### JSON-Home

However, JSON-Home doesn't cover request/response body schema and we could not use it if not enhancing JSON-Home spec.

	Subject	Status	Owner	Project	Branch	Updated	Siz	
<b>▶</b> ☆	Register JSON-Home data for v2.1 resources	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago		
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	Add Support for json-home content_type in wsgi	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago		
$\Rightarrow$	Register JSON-Home data for resources actions	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago		
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	Register JSON-Home data for resources with inherits	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago		
$\Rightarrow$	Register JSON-Home data for resources with parent	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago	4	
☆	Add resource_template_with_parent JSON-Home methods	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago		
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	Support for registering JSON-Home data- show/delete/update	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago	-	
☆	Add template_parameter_relation JSON-Home methods	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago		
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	Add register method for JSON-Home data- index/create	Abandoned	Ghanshyam Mann	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 5 months ago		
☆	Add JSON-Home document methods	Abandoned	Ken'ichi Ohmichi	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 7 months ago		
$\Rightarrow$	WIP: Add JSON-Home to v2.1 API	Abandoned	Ken'ichi Ohmichi	openstack/nova	master (bp/nova-api- json-home)	1 year, 9 months ago		
	D							

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# OpenAPI (Swagger)

- OpenAPI covers request/response body schema.
- OpenAPI provides API spec with the detail through REST API to users.
  - We can expect users can implement their own APPs from the API spec automatically.
  - OpenStack community also defined OpenAPI as one of standard ways, but no components implemented it yet.
- OpenAPI is used by Kubernetes, Google, IBM Watson and lot more.



## OpenStack API Microversion

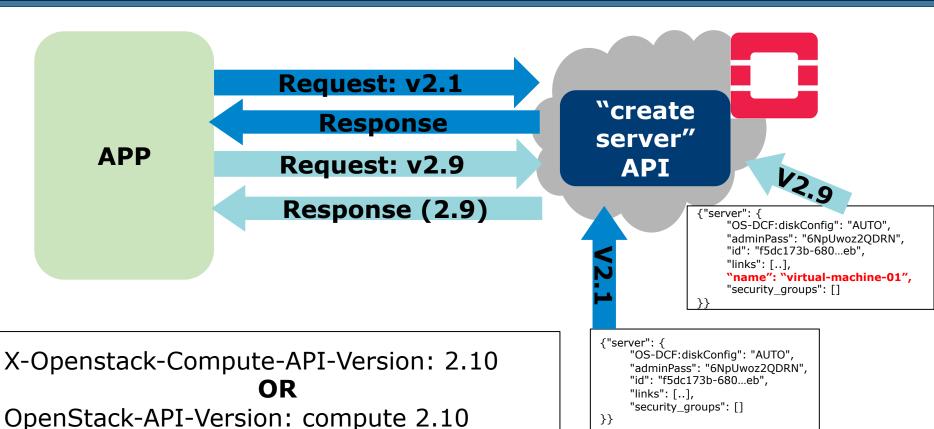
- Microversion is OpenStack specific mechanism.
- Every small API change is versioned.
- Microversion are per API request.
- Users can choose necessary version on API header.

X-Openstack-Compute-API-Version: 2.10

OpenStack-API-Version: compute 2.10

- OpenStack clouds behave as the specified version.
- If not specifying any version from user side, OpenStack clouds behave as the oldest version for existing users.

## OpenStack API Microversions



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#### References

- OpenAPI
  - https://www.openapis.org/
- Microversions mechanism
  - https://developer.openstack.org/api-guide/compute/microversions.html
- OpenStack Powered
  - https://www.openstack.org/brand/openstack-powered/
- OpenStack SDK
  - https://wiki.openstack.org/wiki/SDKs

# Thank You



# \Orchestrating a brighter world

