



ELC 2017 Zephyr



Riding the upstream wave: Keeping your Zephyr applications regression free

February 2017

LEADING
COLLABORATION
IN THE ARM
ECOSYSTEM

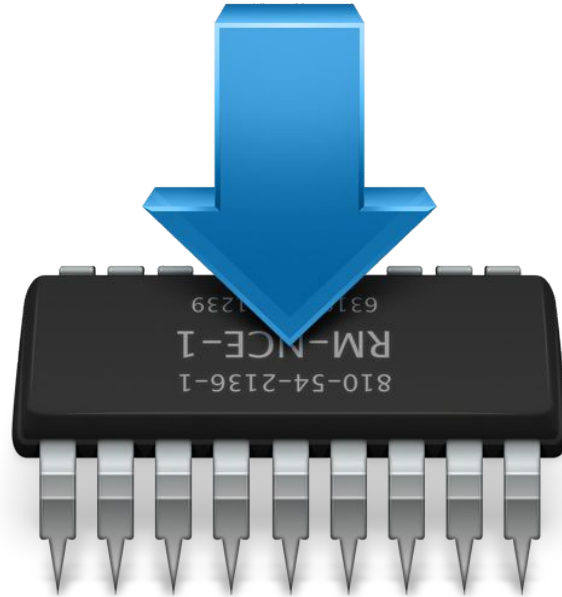


Introduction

- Linaro
 - Collaborative engineering organization consolidating and optimizing open source software and tools for the ARM architecture.
- Technologies Division
 - Focusing on open source solutions for real world problems.
 - Firmware to Cloud
 - IoT to Enterprise
- Engineers
 - Ricardo Salveti
 - Michael Scott
 - Tyler Baker

What are we building?

Firmware over the air (FOTA) application for multiple MCUs using the latest from the Zephyr project



How does it work?



Project Goals

- Application
 - Supports delivering firmware over the air
 - Partitions flash, and writes firmware downloaded to flash
 - Interfaces with device management systems in the cloud
- Bootloader
 - Cryptographically validates image updates
 - Rolls back if image update fails
 - Jumps to correct application partition if validation succeeds
- Hardware
 - Support a wide range of MCUs
- Technical Debt
 - Keep it low
 - Upstreaming platform code
 - Keeping application changes in sync with upstream APIs
- Quality
 - Create a testable design
 - Automate all the things

Initially Zephyr was the Wild, Wild West (think before 1.5 days),
now it's entered the Gold Rush phase of 1848 ...
but it's *still* the Wild, Wild West!



There are some large problems...

- Zephyr 1.6 and 1.7
 - New IP stack isn't completely done.
 - Much of the more popular functionality works to some degree, but expect bugs. TCP via bluetooth 6lowpan in particular still needs work.
 - So many knobs.
 - Expect to spend time debugging the right stack sizes or # of net bufs because the defaults aren't optimal or they don't apply to your use case.
 - Debug/Error logs don't print unless they are enabled.
 - Everything is opt in at this point due to the need for smallest possible binaries.
 - IPv6 support over Bluetooth Low Energy is still on early days.
 - Linux interface available via debugfs, and not yet used on production.

Internet Protocol and Bootloader

- We've gotten IP to work
 - It will take time to get fixes upstream, and others working on the upstream may solve the problem differently, so we want to keep continuous analysis going
- MCUBoot
 - Maintained in a separated tree (like a normal zephyr application), so API incompatibilities with Zephyr is expected

Continuous Integration and Automation

- Keeping track of the sources
 - Zephyr
 - Three branches to test
 - master (upstream)
 - master-upstream-dev (upstream + linaro staged patches)
 - v1.7-dev (upstream dev branch + linaro staged patches)
 - MCUBoot
 - Two branches to test
 - master (upstream)
 - master-upstream-dev (upstream + linaro staged patches)
 - FOTA Application
 - One branch to test
 - master (upstream)
- These combination generate a matrix of permutations that constantly need to be validated

Continuous Integration and Automation

- Strategies

- Question that needed to be answered
 - How can we “stay close to upstream”
 - How can we “reduce any/all technical debt”
 - How can we do all this and still produce something stable
- Our solutions
 - For each project, on each branch, on every single merge we automatically do:
 - Build tests
 - Run unit tests (Zephyr test applications) on supported hardware
 - Run functional tests on our application of supported hardware
 - Test end to end device update functionality
- How does this help keep us sane?
 - We know the moment when a build, unit test, or functional tests fails upstream
 - Allows us to locate a fix before we rebase our dev branch
 - Bisect problems quickly